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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/628,652	07/28/2003	Kent Dirksen Kasper	600.1283	4422
23280 7	590 05/11/2004	EXAMINER		
	DAVIDSON & KAI AVENUE, 14TH FLO	EICKHOLT, EUGENE H		
NEW YORK,	•	OOK	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			2854	
,			2854	

DATE MAILED: 05/11/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/628,6	52	KASPER ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit			
		Eugene H	ł Eickholt	2854			
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this commur			correspondence address			
A SHOI THE M/ - Extension after Si) - If the pe - If NO pe - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ons of time may be available under the provisions (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the provision of th	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenunication. 800) days, a reply within the sta atutory period will apply and were will, by statute, cause the app	rent, however, may a reply be ti tutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron plication to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)□ R	esponsive to communication(s) file	ed on .					
	-	2b)⊠ This action is r	non-final.				
3)□ S	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition	n of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-/3 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s)							
Application	n Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on/2-2+03 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s	•		4)	· (DTO 442)			
2) Notice of Informa	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or lo(s)/Mail Date 7-29-03		4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:				

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 6, 7, 10, and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McIntyre et al.

Roller 1 is applying fluid to a web. See col. 1, line 49. Doctor blade 8 is a metering device which has an edge 8" which slices fluid between the surface of roller 1 and a fluid cavity 2. See col. 1, lines 65-70. This reads on the claimed "edge for splitting the fluid". Doctor blade 8 also has a substantially circular duct 8' which is facing the roller 1. This duct 8' reads on the claimed "first concave surface". See col. 2, lines 10-22. Set screw 10 permits movement of the doctor blade towards and away from the roller surface. See col. 2, lines 6-7. Regarding claim 6, the bottom of blade 8 is show to be horizontal.

Regarding claims 7 and 12, doctor blade 8 has as edge 8 "movable radially by set screw 10. See col. 2, lines 6-7.

Claim 10 calls for a "metering fluid in a printing press" in the preamble but fails to mention use of the press in the method steps and hence the phrase "in a printing press" is interpreted as intended use and not part of any claim limitations and is given no weight. The explanation of the rejection of claim 1 is applied to claim 10 as having parallel limitations.

Cavity 2 reads on the supply container. See col. 1, line 68.

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Regarding claim 13, the set screw 10 controls distance setting.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McIntyre et al.

McIntyre et al does not specify whether the doctor blade is rigid. One of ordinary skill in the art would be expected to make it of a rigid material so as not be flexible in view of the need to move the doctor blade as a unit towards and away form the roll in the set screw 10's passage.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McIntyre et al in view of Deneka.

McIntyre et al does not identify the fluid as ink. However, general fluid application is specifically taught at col. 1, line 3, i.e. general utility and different kinds of fluid-application systems. Deneka teaches in col. 1, lines 13-16 that presses use devices capable of supplying inks or adhesives. It would have been obvious for one skilled in the printing art to use the McIntrye fluid applicator to apply ink. Motivation can be found in McIntyre et al col. 1, lines 38-39 wherein it is taught that a thin highly uniform coating of fluid may be applied.

Claims 10, 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by lijima et al.

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The abstract recites that ink is supplied through ports 56. See col. 9, line 65. This reads on the supplying fluid step. Fountain roll F is supplied ink while under rotation. This reads on the rotating and fluid film forming step. The second embodiment discloses having individual concave surface sections 5b and 6b. Column 10, lines 1-10 disclose an ink "shearing action" takes place on ink trapped between the fountain roll F surface and a gradually reduced distance toward an end portion of the ink supplying portion 40.

The concave surface portions 5b, 6b shear or split the ink as claimed.

Regarding claim 12, portion 6b has an edge extending above pedestal 3. This portion 6b can be rocked away from the surface of roller F thus reading on the edge moving radially step.

Regarding claim 13, col. 7, lines 38-54 teach using elongated bolt holes 61 and bolts 62 to adjust and set the distance C between roller F and surface 40. See col. 7, lines 50-54.

Claims 2-4, 9 and 11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The drawings filed 12-24-03 are accepted and approved.

A shortened statutory period of 3 months is set to respond.

Eickholt/ds

04/28/04

genet Gielholt

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Any inquiry concerning the specifics of this communication should be directed to Examiner Eickholt, who can be reached Tuesday through Thursday. Inquiries of a general nature should be directed to the TC2800 receptionist.

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